### REQUEST

the full support of the French State, as well as local and regional authorities and all partners in territories that plan to give priority to the landscape project as one of the operational steps in the ecological and inclusive transition towards a resilient, sustainable and desirable living environment to be passed on to future generations.

#### SIGNATORIES: .....

FFP

Fédération Française **du Paysage** 

at Versailles

f-f-p.org

Manifesto validated by vote in general assembly March 31st 2020

	APCE	
des	ASSOCIATION PAYSAGISTES-CONSEILS DE L'ÉTAT	

at Versailles

Alice Brauns. President

paysagistes-conseils.org

at Brussels

I**FLA** EUROPE INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

Henri Bava. President

ba - felms

Karin Helms. President

iflaeurope.eu

# MANIFESTO FCOLO TRANS LANDSCA PROJE







### we, signatories, CONSIDERING

- 1 The findings and proposals of the world scientific community on the climate and its disruptions, notably through the **IPCC reports**;
- 2 The French government's "Climate Plan" strategy aiming at **carbon neutrality by 2050**;
- 3 The essential dimension of the landscape as a **collective resource**<sup>1</sup> and of the territory as a **shared heritage**<sup>2</sup>;
- The need to elaborate/develop territorial projects, whether urban or rural, in a new way based on new values (sobriety, solidarity, diversification...) summarized in the notion of an ecological and inclusive transition, which aims at:
- Moderation and the decarbonisation of our ways of life and economic activities;
- Adapting territories to changes in the climate and induced risks;
- The sustainable planning and management of territories, preserving natural resources and agricultural land;
- Taking the geographic, climatic and cultural diversity of territories into consideration;
- Obtaining the necessary involvement and support of the population in the planning and implementation of an ecological and inclusive transition;

1. <u>CF. ARTICLE 5</u> of the Landscape European convention 2. CF. ARTICLE L101-1 of the French Urbanism Code

## **PROCLAIM**

that **the landscape project** is an innovative, efficient and convincing method for understanding and designing the future we want for places, cities and territories in transition toward an ecological, inclusive society, inasmuch as it:

- 1 Proposes to make the landscape a **common cause** rather than an unintended consequence and thus contributes to making the ecological, inclusive transition a **concrete, tangible and shared perspective**;
- 2 Is anchored in a **recognition of what already exists,** particularly the prevailing human and natural resources and thus promotes local and sober development;
- 3 Grasps and anticipates **the dynamics involved** in the evolution of landscapes and explores their transformations through a **creative and inventive process**;
- Is efficient **at all scales**, from the most territorial and strategic to the most local and operational for an ecological and inclusive transition;
- 5 Is a form of **indiscipline in that it cuts across** and goes beyond political, administrative or property boundaries, and efficiently breaks out of the segmentation logics hampering an ecological and inclusive transition;
- 6 Offers a **narrative** of the ecological and inclusive transition that makes sense and **proposes images understandable by everyone;**
- Promotes social bonds inasmuch as it is participatory and seeks to reduce the societal divide that threatens the ecological and inclusive transition;
- Constitutes the potential driving force for **sustainable development** most susceptible of unifying the social, economic and environmental spheres.

#### WE COMMIT OURSELVES

to promoting a shared **landscape project** culture working toward an ecological and inclusive transition, focused on:

- 1 New ways of designing cities, respectful of natural resources and agricultural land (new forms of urban density, urban recycling, oases of refreshment ...);
- Prevention and adjustment to climate risks (floods, submersions, coastal and soil erosion, depletion and loss of biodiversity, droughts, fires, heat...);

New active, shared and decarbonised ways of traveling;

A circular and solidarity-based economy encouraging moderation, local and social development (short and local circuits, recycling, pooling of goods and services, industrial ecology, socio-eco-responsible tourism and consumption...);

Adapting crops and farming techniques that break with intensive agriculture and create new landscapes (agroecology, agroforestry, marine crops...) so as to favour the preservation of resources and living organisms;

- Collaboration with those economic sectors that are subjected to the most rapid climate change, particularly agricultural production, in the most sensitive areas (mountains, coastal areas, estuaries...);
- 7 The production, distribution and consumption of renewable energies (hydraulic, wind, photovoltaic, solar thermal, hydrogen, biomass, methanisation...);
- Policies to preserve and strengthen environments and ecosystems by supporting the present migrations of species and the necessary adaptations;
- **New local, national and international policies** in favour of an ecological and inclusive transition.